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The Royal Swedish Academy of Sciences has as its aim to promote the sciences and strengthen their influence in society

## Announcement

### The application period has been prolonged to 2009-05-25

The Royal Swedish Academy of Sciences awards postdoc-scholarship for 1 to 2 years stay in Japan for research in natural sciences, mathematics, medicine and humanities. Costs for travel and maintenance are covered by the Japan Society for the Promotion of Science (JSPS).

## Introduction

The JSPS Fellowship for Foreign Researchers aims at providing selected foreign researchers, from among other countries Sweden, with opportunities to pursue collaborative research with corresponding Japanese researchers at Japanese universities.

## Eligibility

Candidates for the fellowship must:

- Be a Swedish citizen
- Hold a doctorate degree received within six years of the first day (1st April) of the fiscal year in which the fellowship commences
- Have arranged in advance a researchplan with his/her Japanese host

## Duration and commencement of fellowship

Fellowships are awarded for a period of 12-24 months. The fellowship must commence within the period 1st September 2009-30th November 2010.

JSPS provides each Fellow with the following support:

- A round-trip air ticket
- A monthly maintenance stipend of 364 000 yen
- A settling-in allowance of 200 000 yen
- Overseas travel accident and sickness insurance coverage

Fellows must conduct their research at:

- Universities
- Inter-university research institutes
- Research institutions and scientific research corporations under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education, Culture, Sports, Science and Technology (MEXT)

## Application

The specific form must be completed in five separate stapled copies and sent to the address below. NOTE! All documents including enclosures must be in English or Japanese.

**The application must reach the Academy no later than 25 May 2009.**

Kungl. Vetenskapsakademien  
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Supplementary material submitted separately, incomplete applications and/or faxed or emailed applications will not be considered. Application documents will not be returned. Fellows who has previously been awarded scholarship for more than 12 months stay by the JSPS is not awarded again.

**Allocation**

Only applicants who are awarded Scholarships, Fellowships and/or grants will be contacted in writing by the Academy.

**Contact**

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## 1. Application

### **Q1. How do I go about applying for a Postdoctoral Fellowship for Foreign Researchers?**

A1. There are two ways to apply.

1. Through local recruitment (in Japan): This is the main method of application. Under it, eligible researchers in Japan who wish to host a foreign researcher submit an application. (It should be kept in mind that applications are submitted by prospective hosts through their universities or institutions. Applications submitted directly to JSPS cannot be accepted.) Two application periods are provided: one in May and one in September. It is necessary to prepare all of one's application materials early enough to meet these deadlines.
2. Through an overseas nominating authority: A nominating system is established in various countries. JSPS has cooperative ties with scientific institutions in regions around the world. Researchers in those countries may apply for the fellowship through the nominating authorities in them. These nominating authorities recruit and screen applications and make nominations to JSPS. If the nominees are found to meet the eligibility requirements and are accepted by the proposed host, they are awarded a fellowship by JSPS.

(The application process for the Short-term Fellowship Program is slightly different. Please contact JSPS's Tokyo office or its overseas liaison offices for details.)

### **Q2. When should I apply?**

A2. In the case of local recruitments (in Japan), there are two application periods: in May and September. Application materials should be prepared early enough in advance to meet these deadlines.

In the case of an overseas nominating authority, application deadlines may vary somewhat by country. You should, therefore, check with them directly.

(The Short-term Fellowship Program has more flexibility with regard to application periods. Please contact JSPS's Tokyo office or its overseas liaison offices for details.)

### **Q3. May I apply directly to JSPS?**

A3. No. JSPS cannot accept applications from individual researchers. If an application should be submitted directly, we must return it to the researcher.

### **Q4. I've received a doctorate degree from a Japanese university. Do I have fellowship eligibility?**

A4. Yes, you do.

Each candidate for the Fellowship must hold a doctorate degree when the Fellowship goes into effect. It may have been received from a university in either Japan or another country.



**Q5. I am a student in a doctoral course at a Japanese university. I would like to ask my academic supervisor to apply as a host researcher for a postdoctoral fellowship in my behalf. Is he/she eligible?**

A5. Yes, he/she is.

A researcher who is employed full-time at a Japanese research institution, excluding a research assistant, is eligible to apply as a host. For instance, a Japanese university professor who is the candidate's current or previous supervisor is eligible. In this case, candidates do not need to change their labs if awarded as a postdoctoral fellow. Please keep in mind, however, that a supervisory researcher is required to submit a letter of recommendation for you that is written by another faculty member, such as one who participated in the candidate's dissertation reviewed and/or who is familiar with the candidate's research.

Incidentally, JSPS provides another type of postdoctoral fellowship program, Research Fellowship for Young Scientists, which is mainly designed for Japanese postdoctoral researchers. Under this program, Postdoctoral Fellows (PD or SPD) are required to change their labs or affiliated institutions.

**Q6. What kind of person in Japan can I ask to be my host researcher?**

A6. Eligible researchers are those employed full time at Japanese national, public or private universities, inter-university research institutions, and national laboratories or other organizations actively engaged in research, including independent administrative institutions, public research corporations, nonprofit organizations, and prefectural research institutes.

In the case of universities, they must hold the position of either professor, assistant professor or lecturer (research associates are not eligible). In cases other than universities, researchers holding equivalent positions are eligible.

If a researcher meets the above requirements, he/she does not need to be Japanese to submit an application.

**Q7-1. I'm a research scientist employed by a public-interest corporation that promotes science. May I apply for a postdoctoral fellowship as a host researcher?**

**Q7-2. I'm a research scientist employed by a research institution affiliated with a private company. May I apply for a postdoctoral fellowship as a host researcher?**

A7. Yes, you may under the conditions stipulated below.

As a host institution, your research institution must be able to provide basic research facilities and have a policy to foster young foreign researchers and help them advance their own research work.

Procedurally, host institution must meet the following two conditions:

- (1) To submit a copy of documents issued by MEXT certifying that the institution provides basic research facilities and its affiliated researchers are eligible to apply for a research grant under the MEXT program “Grants-in-Aid for Scientific Research.”
- (2) To submit a form issued by JSPS, indicating that the institution has its own policy to foster and assist young foreign researchers.

In addition to the above conditions, you as the host researcher must be eligible to apply for a Grant-in-Aid. This research grant for JSPS fellows is issued based on an application is made by the host researcher, who is the representative in the cooperative research conducted between the host and fellow.

If you wish to apply as a host researcher for the postdoctoral fellowship, you should ask the administrative office of your institution to obtain more detailed information from JSPS.

## **2. Monthly Financial Support from JSPS**

### **Q1. Will JSPS pay me a housing subsidy?**

A1. No, the cost of your housing is included in your maintenance allowance.

### **Q2. When my family comes to Japan, will JSPS pay me a family allowance for them?**

A2. No, this cost is also included in your maintenance allowance.

### **Q3. Why has my maintenance allowance been reduced?**

A3. The basic amount has not been reduced. However, if the cumulative period of temporary absence you have taken adds up to more than 60 days (30 days for tenures of one year), JSPS will reduce your maintenance allowance in the following month. Please check the total number of days you have taken temporary leave of absence. If you shorten your fellowship tenure, your maintenance allowance may also be reduced.

## **3. International air tickets arrangement**

### **Q1. How do I go about receiving my air ticket to Japan after being selected for a fellowship?**

A1. An instruction on how to receive your ticket will be enclosed with your award letter. Please follow the procedure described in it. If you should have any questions, please direct them to JSPS's authorized agent, whose contact information is contained in the instruction.



**Q2. What kind of ticket will I receive?**

A2. It will be a regular economy-class ticket (or air company regulated discount ticket). If your tenure is for 365 days or less, you will receive a round-trip ticket. If it is for more than 365 days, you will receive a one-way ticket. (In the latter case, you will need to make a return booking with the agent.)

**Q3. The price of the air tickets issued by a travel agent designated by JSPS seems a bit high for economy class. Why?**

A3. We would like to use discount tickets, but they contain many restriction related to the duration, time and way they can be used. Some, for example, only allow a short stay in the country of destination. As most fellows under the JSPS postdoctoral program stay in Japan for longer than one year, JSPS and its travel agents can only buy regular economy class tickets.

**Q4. Are all fellows issued an air ticket?**

A4. No. If you were already staying in Japan at the time your award letter was issued, you will not receive a ticket to Japan.

**Q5. If I buy an air ticket with my own money, will JSPS reimburse me for the cost?**

A5. No. JSPS will not reimburse you. Therefore, be sure that you obtain your ticket through our authorized agent.

**Q6. May the tickets issued by JSPS's agent be turned in for cash?**

A6. No, doing so is strictly prohibited. The ticket is issued so that fellows may come to Japan to commence their fellowships. Fellows are not allowed to cash in their tickets or to use them for any other purpose, such as taking temporary leave. If this rule is violated, strong measures, including fellowship termination, may be taken against the fellow.

**Q7. Are my travel expenses to and from the airport covered?**

A7. Please use your domestic research travel allowance received from JSPS to cover these costs. Please use it to also pay for airport utility charges, such as airport taxes not included in the ticket price.

**Q8. I plan to be accompanied by family members. Will JSPS cover the cost of their air tickets?**

A8. No. JSPS does not provide tickets for family members.  
When arranging your family members' tickets, you may consider using JSPS's agent or you may use another travel agent of your choice.  
When booking family members' tickets, it may be a good idea to shop around. (Prices can vary significantly depending on the ticket type, time frame, location and issuing agent.)



#### 4. Temporary Absence from Japan

During your tenure in Japan to do research under the guidance of your Japanese host, JSPS supports various costs related your stay in Japan and your joint research in Japan.

Therefore, in principle fellows are expected to stay in Japan during their tenures. However, a certain number of days are allowed for fellows to be away on temporary leave. For days away from Japan beyond that grace period, the fellow's allowance will be reduced. Regardless of the reason, if a fellow is out of Japan for a cumulative period of more than 120 days (or 90 days for tenures of one year), his fellowship will be withdrawn.

This said, please understand that fellows do not have the right to take temporary leave up to the maximum number of allowed days. Whether for short or long periods, temporary leave must be taken with the prior permission of your host researcher. JSPS may not authorize temporary leave if it judges either the reason for the leave or its period to be inappropriate.

Please understand that reductions in your allowance for taking temporary leave over a certain number of days is not meant as a penalty. Irrespective of the reason, whether personal or official (e.g., using your travel allowance to conduct research abroad), days away from Japan are calculated as temporary leave of absence.

When calculating the number of days of temporary leave taken, JSPS uses the departure and entry stamps in your passport.

**Q1. Even though my reason for temporary absence has been to conduct research activities, or for unavoidable family reasons, will my maintenance allowance be reduced when my total period of temporary absence is more than 60 days (30 days for tenures of one year) ?**

A1. Yes, it will. Irrespective of the reason, the maintenance allowance is reduced after a certain number of days away from Japan is exceeded.

**Q2. If I have already taken a cumulative period of temporary absence of 60 days (30 days for tenures of one year) for conducting research activities, may I still take a temporary absence for home leave?**

A2. You may take home leave, but your allowance will be reduced if your cumulative leave exceeds 60 days (30 days) regardless of the reason.

If you use your research grant for travel during a leave of absence, be sure that the funds are spent according to regulation. If you plan to include private activities, such as home leave, in your trip, please check in advance with the administrative office of your host institution on the proper use of the research funds.

**Q3. When will JSPS reduce the maintenance allowance?**

A3. When JSPS finds that the total period of temporary absence to add up to more than 60 days (30 days for tenures of one year), we will subtract the reduced amount from the following month's allowance.

**Q4. How many days am I allowed to take per each leave of absence?**

A4. A maximum of 120 days (90 days for tenures of one year), but the below information should be borne in mind.

- No matter how long the leave of absence, you must first obtain your host researcher's permission.
- If a leave of absence is for 15 or less days for the purpose of your research, you do not have to request JSPS's permission. You must, however, submit a notice when you return.

If a leave of absence is for personal reasons, or for 16 or more days, you must obtain JSPS's permission in advance. You must provide a detailed description of your reason for requesting the leave. Irrespective of the reason, however, leave exceeding 120 days (90 days for tenures of one year) will not be granted. A Fellow may take multiple leaves of absence as long as the aggregate number of days does not exceed 120 days (90 days for tenures of one year).

Allowance reductions are calculated based the length of the fellow's tenure and the number of cumulative days of absence. This applies even when the purpose of the leave is research related (e.g., fieldwork, international conference). Reduction of the maintenance allowance

(1) For tenures of more than one year

<b>Cumulative Period of Temporary Absence</b>	<b>Amount of Allowance Reduction</b>
61 – 75 days	half a month
76 – 90 days	a month
91 – 105 days	one and half a month
106 – 120 days	two months

(2) For tenures of one year

<b>Cumulative Period of Temporary Absence</b>	<b>Amount of Allowance Reduction</b>
31 – 45 days	half a month
46 – 60 days	a month
61 – 75 days	one and half a month
76 – 90 days	two months

**Q5. What procedures should I take before leaving Japan?**

A5. Before you leave Japan, be sure to apply for a re-entry permit at your local immigration office.

## 5. National Health Insurance

### **Q1. Does everyone need to join the national health insurance plan?**

A1. Foreign residents who will stay in Japan for one year or more are legally obligated to join the plan. JSPS will continue to cover fellows who join the plan under its overseas accident and sickness insurance. Regardless of the JSPS coverage, however, fellows who will be in Japan for more than one year must register for the national health insurance plan at your city office.

### **Q2. When should I join the national health insurance plan?**

A2. When you apply for your alien registration card at the city office, please sign up for the national health insurance plan at the same time. This should be done within 90 days after you arrive in Japan. If you join late, you will be required to pay the entire amount retroactively.

### **Q3. How much will I need to pay for the national health insurance?**

A3. As the premium differs slightly by municipality, please inquire about the rate at the national health insurance counter of your city office.

### **Q4. I understand that the national health insurance will cover 70% of my medical expenses, and that I must pay the other 30%. Can I claim the money I pay out of pocket to JSPS's overseas accident and sickness insurance provider?**

A4. You will be eligible to have 70% of your medical costs paid for by national health insurance. You must pay the remaining 30%. You may be able to claim the uncovered 30% under JSPS's overseas accident and sickness insurance, which is provided by a private insurance company. The JSPS insurance does, however, exempt certain illnesses and conditions. For more information, please read "A GUIDE TO THE INSURANCE POLICY FOR JSPS FELLOWS" or inquire at NIPPONKOA Insurance Co., Ltd., which is our authorized agent. (For general information Tel: (03) 3231-7540, for claims only Tel: (03) 5229-3114)

### **Q5. I am thinking of using a car or motorbike for my research work and/or commuting while in Japan. Does the JSPS insurance cover automobile liability? Is there anything I should keep in mind?**

A5. Neither the national health insurance nor JSPS's overseas accident and sickness insurance are automobile insurance. If you drive in Japan, you are required to have standard liability insurance. The policy will pay up to a certain amount if you should be involved in an accident. However, only the other party is covered under it. Furthermore, it is not unusual for compensation claims to be made in excess of 100 million yen, and court cases can be very long in duration. The penalty for traffic accidents caused by drunken driving or traffic rule violations is much more severe than with ordinary traffic accidents. So we can't caution you strongly enough not to drive after drinking.

For these reasons, it is strongly recommended that, if possible, you not use a car (for commuting or other purposes), but rather take advantage of the public transportation system.

If it should be absolutely necessary for you to drive a car in Japan, you need be sure to drive safely and it is recommended that you purchase optional insurance with greater coverage. However please be aware that JSPS will not cover the cost of insurance. If fellows should be involved traffic accidents, JSPS will not be able to provide any additional funds in support of them. Be very careful, therefore, to drive safely.

**Q6. Is there any insurance besides auto insurance that I should consider?**

A6. You may be obligated to buy fire insurance if you rent an apartment. In this case, you will need to pay it with your maintenance allowance.

**Q7. When do I get my Insurance Card for JSPS's coverage?**

A7. After JSPS receives a Form# 2 from your host researcher through your host institution, NIPPONKOA will send you the Insurance Card through your host institution within one month.

※ If you have any other questions about the national health insurance plan, please contact Japan International Science and Technology Exchange Center (JISTEC) for advices.

## **6. Fellowship Extension**

**Q1. How do I go about extending my fellowship?**

A1. As a rule, fellowships are awarded for a period of up to 24 months. In cases when your initial tenure is less than 24 months, an extension of up to a total tenure of 24 months may be approved if JSPS deems it appropriate and budget constraints permit. A request for a fellowship extension must be made through the administration office of your host institution. The procedure is as follows:

Please note that fellowship extensions are only allowed when needed to pursue your joint research. They are not authorized for such reasons as finishing up research that has fallen behind schedule or adjusting one's period of tenure to match the start of a new job or fellowship.

**Q2. When should I start the procedure for an extension?**

A2. The application should be submitted at least 3 months prior to the expiration of your current fellowship. If it is submitted any later than that, JSPS will not be able to approve your extension. Therefore, to be safe, you should have your host contact the administration office about 4 months prior to the expiration of your fellowship.

**Q3. How long does it take for the application to be approved?**

A3. It takes about 2 months after receiving the application.

**Q4. How difficult is to obtain approval for an extension?**

A4. Generally, it is easier to obtain an extension than it was to obtain your fellowship. As JSPS, however, will need to evaluate your work during your current tenure and your research plan for the extended period of the fellowship. JSPS may not approve all extension applications. Furthermore, JSPS may have to deny extensions when budget constrains prohibit them.

## 7. Certification of Fellowship

**Q1. What should I do if I want a letter from JSPS to certify my fellowship for the purpose applying for employment?**

A1. Please submit the related application form (Form #10, entitled "Application for Certificate") enclosed in the JSPS Guidelines. The maximum number of certificates JSPS can issue is 3 per application. On the application form, you need to indicate the name of each institution to which you will submit the certificate in search of employment.

**Q2. Does JSPS issue a certification letter for any purpose?**

A2. JSPS issues a certificate only for the purpose of the fellow's seeking a new position. We do not issue certificates for any other purpose. For other purposes such as obtaining permission to extend your stay in Japan, obtaining a visa, or entering into a housing rental contract, please use a copy of your award letter in lieu of a certificate, or ask your host researcher to issue a letter that certifies your engagement in research work as a JSPS fellow. (Such a certificate needs to indicate the term of your fellowship, host's name, host institution's name, research title, etc.)

**Q3. I am continuing my employment at the same institute. Can JSPS issue a certificate?**

A3. Only if you will be employed in a different position at the institute. Otherwise, JSPS only issues a certificate when you are to be employed at a different institute.

**Q4. Can JSPS specify the title of my research on the certificate?**

A4. No, we can't. The certificate that JSPS issues is in a fixed format. Only your names, tenure, the name of your host researcher, and our financial support are specified.

## 8. Visas

JSPS considers it the fellows' responsibility to obtain their own visas. Because postdoctoral fellows come to Japan from a great many countries and each have different backgrounds, it is impossible for JSPS to arrange the same status and procedure for everybody. What JSPS does

do is to provide the fellow, upon his/her selection, with the necessary documents to apply for a visa. These include your “award letter” and “certificate of financial support”. Your host researcher applies for a “certificate of eligibility” on the fellow’s behalf. Using these documents, fellows are requested to apply for and obtain their own visas.

**Q1. My visa status is “Professor” (or “Research”). Is there any difference between it and “Cultural Activities” visa?**

A1. JSPS considers the “Cultural Activities” visa to be the most appropriate for JSPS fellows to obtain, since no employment relation exists between the foreign researcher and JSPS. However, the Immigration Bureau may sometimes issue a “Research” or “Professor” visa status to JSPS fellows. The advantage to obtaining a “Research” or “Professor” visa status is that the maximum period of stay under them is 3 years, so you will not need to extend your visa during your fellowship period.

In any case, the Immigration Bureau makes the final decision on your visa status. You have no choice but to follow their directions.

**Q2. What should I do to obtain permission to extend the period of my stay (or my family members’ stay)?**

A2. You will need to go to the Regional Immigration Bureau or its district or branch office having jurisdiction over your place of residence before your visa (their visa) expires. It is a good idea to be accompanied by your host researcher or a Japanese colleague when you visit the office. You should inquiry by phone to the immigration office as to the necessary documents and prepare them in advance with the help of your host researcher and institution.

Basic documents you may need to submit are as follows:

1. Award letter from JSPS (copy) and “Certificate for Financial Support” (copy)
2. Bankbook to show the transferred money from JSPS.
3. Letter from your host researcher or host institution that shows the term of your fellowship, the name of your host institution, and your research title. (It is recommended that the letter indicates that your host institution has received you as a foreign researcher recruited and financially supported by JSPS.)
4. JSPS Guidelines, which describes your financial support.

If you are asked to submit your invitation letter, please submit a copy, as you may need to use the original later.

After receiving permission to extend your stay, you must within 14 days renew your alien registration at the city office.

**Q3. To invite my family to Japan, what should I do?**

A3. When foreign residents want to invite members of their family members from abroad, they need to obtain a “Dependent” visa for them. When applying for this visa, you should

first obtain a Certificate of Eligibility at your local immigration office in Japan. For specific information about the procedure, please contact the international affairs division of your host institution or your local immigration office.

If the immigration office should ask you to submit proof of your status as a research fellow, you should ask your host researcher or host institute to issue a certificate.

※ If you have any other questions about visas, please contact JISTEC for advices.

## 9. Taxation

### **Q1. What if I am asked by the city office to submit a tax withholding slip?**

A1. In Japan's tax withholding system, the employer deducts income and residence taxes from the employee's salary, and issues a withholding slip to the employee that shows the amount of tax deducted. JSPS does not retain foreign researchers as employees. If, therefore, you are asked to submit a tax withholding slip, you will need to explain the JSPS system. In doing so, please show your award letter from JSPS and the green JSPS Guidelines to prove that your JSPS allowances are "travel expenses" not salary, which means that they should be tax exempt. When going the city office for this purpose, it is recommended that you be accompanied by a Japanese who can assist you with the language.

### **Q2. If the tax office sends me a letter of inquiry about income tax filing, how should I fill out the documents?**

A2. The important question in the documents is the one that regards whether you are self-employed or an employee. Please choose the third option, "other." Regarding the type of your income, please answer that you receive "travel expenses."

※ If you have other questions about taxation, please contact JISTEC for advice.

## 10. Domestic Research Travel Allowance

### **Q1. In practice, how should I use my Domestic Research Travel Allowance? Are there any points to keep in mind?**

A1. The allowance is paid to cover necessary expenses incurred by fellows during research-related domestic travel over the course of their tenure. As the allowance is to support the fellow's research activities in Japan, it may not be used to cover overseas travel expenses. It is only to be used to travel for research purposes, and may not be used for personal travel. When upon your arrival or departure from Japan you need to travel between the nearest airport and your host institution, please use this allowance to cover the cost of that domestic travel.

Please keep the following points in mind when using your Domestic Research Travel Allowance.

Apart from this allowance, fellows may use a Grant-in-Aid for Scientific Research. Travel under it should be specified in the grant application. The grant is applied for and received by your host researcher, who is the joint research representative. This grant may only be used to cover expenses directly related to implementing the joint research plan and reporting its results. Domestically, it can be used for such activities as conducting field studies or presenting research results at an academic conference. Even if you have remaining funds in your Domestic Research Travel Allowance, the Grant-in-Aid should be used to cover research travel specified in your grant application.

The points stipulated above also apply to fellows who have received the other type of research grant, *Shiken-kenkyu-hi*.

## 11. Research Grants

### Q1. May fellows use grants-in-aid?

A1. Yes, fellows may use Grants-in-Aid for Scientific Research (kaken-hi). It is your host researcher, who makes the grant application. Please note that grants applications are made separately from fellowship applications.

The period for submitting a grant application differs according to the date the fellow arrives in Japan (i.e., starts his/her fellowship). See attached page for the specific application periods. If applications are not submitted by the stipulated deadline, they will not as a rule be accepted. Therefore, fellows and their hosts should prepare their applications as early as possible.

### Q2. How much of a grant may I receive?

A2. The maximum amounts for one year are as follows:

Lab-based subjects:	¥1.2 million
General subjects:	¥0.8 million
Special subjects:	¥1.5 million (Limited to a small number of grantees who have a special requirement for additional funding.)

For fellows with 2-year tenures, these amounts may be doubled. Please note, however, that the above figures are the maximum amount in each of the three categories, not necessarily the amount that will be disbursed. The grant amount is determined based on an examination of the applicant's research plan. Moreover, when the number of grant applications exceeds the allotted budget, the amount of grants may need to be reduced across the board.

**Q3. Are there special rules that must be followed in using the grant funds?**

A3. Yes, the Grants-in-Aid Program issues its own set of rules, or grant-usage terms. They stipulate that the grant funds are to be distributed to the host researcher, who is to give a copy of the grant-usage terms to the fellow and to explain the rules to him/her. Both the host and fellow are obligated to use the funds appropriately in accordance with the rules.

Differing from the stipend provided to fellows, research grants are administered by the host institution. Please keep this in mind when using the funds.

**Q4. What may the grant be used for? Is there anything it may not be used for?**

A4. There are both things that it may and may not be used for.

1. The grant may be used to cover the following costs:

a. Research equipment and supplies

e.g., a personal computer, books, small lab-ware, stationary, software, reagents

b. Domestic and Overseas travel

- Fellows, hosts and research collaborators may use the grant to cover the cost of related research travel.
- Authorized travel objectives include gathering materials, conducting surveys, holding research meetings and presenting research results.
- Travel expenditures may include transportation costs, lodging fees, and per diem.

c. Remunerations and other compensation for research collaborators

- Research collaboration includes the following: data processing, lab help, translation/editing, specialized knowledge acquisition, distributing and collecting questionnaires and gathering research materials.
- Besides remuneration, the grant can be used to pay fees, wages, salaries or worker-dispatch agents. However, employment contracts must be drafted and signed by the host institution.

d. Other authorized expenditures include the following:

Printing, communications, facility/lab rental, meetings, rental equipment, equipment repair, non-travel transportation, research results dissemination

- Examples of communication costs: postage stamps, telephone charges
- With research of a nature that is difficult to conduct at the host institution, the grant may be used to rent on appropriate facility or lab space for carrying it out
- Examples of meeting costs: space rental, refreshments (excluding alcoholic beverages)
- Examples of rental equipment: computers, vehicles, experimental equipment and devices

- Examples of research dissemination: publishing papers in academic journals, creating homepages, preparing pamphlets for disseminating research results

The grant must only be used to cover expenses directly to the implementation of an approved research plan and to the compilation of the research results.

Fellows need to discuss with their hosts how grants will be spent. Though the grants are issued by JSPS based on the fellow's tenure, this does not mean that you have complete autonomy over the use of the funds. Moreover, your host institution has its own guidelines with regard to grant usage. If you have any questions concerning grant usage, please contact the person in charge of handling grants at your host institution.

2. As these grants are issued to support research conducted at research institutions able to provide basic research conditions, the following expense items are not covered.

- a. The construction of buildings or other structures
- b. Equipment or items normally supplied by the research institution (e.g., desks, chairs, copy machines)
- c. Repair of items damaged due to accidents or disasters during the course of the research
- d. Expenses not directly related to the grant-supported research

**Q5. How does one apply for a research grant?**

A5. Application is initially by the host researcher, who is the research representative, after which the fellow submits a separate application. See the attached Form S-2-4 from the host and S-2-5 from the fellow.

Grants are issued based on the submitted and review of these two application forms, which specify the amount of grant funds needed to conduct the subject year's research activities. Therefore, the funds are to be spent within the context of the S-2-4 and S-2-5 applications.

**Q6. When may we start using the grant?**

A6. When you may start using the grant depends on when the application was submitted. Normally within 1-2 months from the time a grant application is received, a provisional notification is sent by JSPS to the host institution. It takes about one month after that for the final selection notification to be issued, following which the grant is disbursed.

If fellows have an urgent use for the grant to conduct their research before the final notification is issued, they should consult with their host researcher and institution. With the permission of the host institution's administrative office and under the responsibility of the host researcher, the grant may be used in advance of the final notification.

For some examples: It would be possible for a fellow arriving in April to use the grant after the provisional notification was issued at the end of that month. A fellow arriving in

May could use the grant from late July. A fellow arriving in October or November could use the grant from mid November, provided that the host submitted the grant application in early October.

Furthermore, fellows who arrived in 2005 or 2006 and have already applied for a FY 2007 grant may start using it from 1 April 2007.

**Q7. What if I do not agree with my host researcher (or host institution) on how to use the grant?**

A7. The grant is to be used to carry out cooperative research between the fellow and host researcher, which presupposes that you both have agreed upon its use. It is not issued for either the fellow or the host to use one-sidedly. Nevertheless, responsibility for the grant rests with the host. For example, if there were any improper use of the funds, it would be the host who is held accountable. Therefore, if the fellow and host should not be able to reach an agreement on the use of the grant, the host's intention is given priority.

**Q8. Does research equipment purchased with the grant belong to the fellow or host researcher?**

A8. Nothing purchased with these funds is the personal property of the fellow or host. Equipment and materials purchased with grant funds are the property of the host institution. Grant usage rules require host institutions to manage such equipment and materials in such a way that the fellow and host researcher can use them effectively. Fellows and hosts are obliged to observe grant usage rules. Therefore, please contact the person in charge of administering grants at your host institution if you have any questions with regards to grant usage.

**Q9. I have recently found a job and decided to resign my fellowship. What should I do with the research grant that I have received?**

A9. Since your host researcher agreed to the resignation, you are no longer allowed to use the grant, as all the remaining funds must be returned to JSPS. Please ask your host to submit a notice to terminate your research activities to JSPS through the administrative office of your host institution.

The host researcher must submit a research report within one month from the completion of the shortened fellowship tenure.

Concurrently, the host must inform JSPS as soon as possible that the fellowship tenure will be shortened and submit a "Notice of Fellowship Expiration (Incl. Shortening)" (Form 11) and "Research Report" (Forms 8, 9). Please note that these procedures are carried out separately from those to terminate the research grant.

## 12. Life in Japan and Japanese language training

**Q1. This is the first time for me to stay in Japan. I am a bit anxious about life in Japan.**

A1. JSPS sends all fellows a copy of “Life in Japan for Foreign Researchers” along with their award letters. As it contains good information about living in Japan, we suggest that you read it. If you should experience any problems associated with living in Japan, please seek help from your host researcher, your host institution’s administrative office, or your local government office. JISTEC also provides a counseling service to support fellows living in Japan. Please keep in mind that, JSPS is not in a position to provide you support of this kind.

Your Japanese host institution will probably have an international affairs division. If not, it will have an international section within its general affairs division. One of the functions of the international affairs division or section is to provide advice and counsel to foreign researchers. Their staffs are most knowledgeable about the specific circumstances and conditions in their respective regions.

Some host institutions prepare a handbook of regional information on daily life. It would be a good idea to ask them if they have such a handbook.

Your local government office also has much useful information. Recently, the number of foreign residents in Japan has been increasing. Among their services, some regional governments provide free legal counseling for foreign residents.

**Q2. Renting an apartment requires that I pay a large refundable deposit (Shiki-kin) and non-refundable “key money” (Rei-kin) in advance. Does JSPS cover these expenses?**

A2. JSPS does not cover them. JSPS can only cover those expenses stipulated in the fellowship award letter. We know the Shiki-kin and Rei-kin can be expensive, but it is sometimes possible for you to negotiate them with your landlord. Though rare, these are cases when these fees are not charged. As it is difficult to negotiate contracts in English, you had better ask your host researcher, a Japanese colleague, or an officer at your host institution to accompany you when you negotiate with the landlord or real estate agent or sign a rental contract.

**Q3. My housing rental contract requires me to have a guarantor. Can I ask JSPS to be the guarantor?**

A3. No, JSPS cannot act as a guarantor. Please ask your host researcher to be your guarantor.

**Q4. My host researcher is not willing to be a guarantor for my rental contract. Can JSPS introduce me to someone who can be a guarantor?**

A4. JSPS is not in a position to do so. If your host researcher will not be your guarantor, please consult with the international affairs division of your host institution.



**Q5. What opportunities are available for language study in Japan?**

A5. JSPS Provides financial support to Postdoctoral Fellows for private or classroom language training

Purpose: To acquire the basic Japanese language skills necessary for an effective stay in Japan.

**Eligible Fellows are those who need Japanese language training and meet either one of conditions stipulated below.**

1. Fellows who will stay in Japan for the first time.
2. Fellows who have stayed in Japan less than 12 months before.

When to apply: Potential recipients should apply after their arrival in Japan. School / Tutor: Japanese schools or tutors approved by JSPS.

Period: Within the tenure of the fellowship.

Support from JSPS: 150,000 JPY or less